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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: John Kam Ho Lee

Serial No.: 10/081,824

Filed: 20 Feb 2002

Entitled: Burglar Alarm System Having Reduced Wiring

Group No.: 2632

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TRANSMITTAL LETTER

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Enclosed for filing in this case is a Certified Copy of European Patent Application No. 02250277.7 filed 16 Jan 2002, from which this application claims priority.

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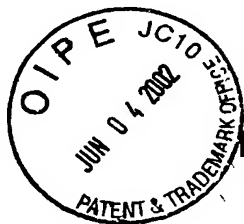
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Die angehefteten Unterlagen stimmen mit der ursprünglich eingereichten Fassung der auf dem nächsten Blatt bezeichneten europäischen Patentanmeldung überein.

The attached documents are exact copies of the European patent application described on the following page, as originally filed.

Les documents fixés à cette attestation sont conformes à la version initialement déposée de la demande de brevet européen spécifiée à la page suivante.

**Patentanmeldung Nr.    Patent application No.    Demande de brevet n°**

02250277.7

Der Präsident des Europäischen Patentamts;  
Im Auftrag

For the President of the European Patent Office

Le Président de l'Office européen des brevets  
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**R C van Dijk**

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**Blatt 2 der Bescheinigung  
Sheet 2 of the certificate  
Page 2 de l'attestation**

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Application no.: 02250277.7  
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Anmelder:  
Applicant(s):  
Demandeur(s):  
Leeds Electronic Eng. Ltd.  
Won Chuk Hang  
HONG KONG

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Titre de l'invention:  
Burglar alarm system having reduced wiring

In Anspruch genommene Priorität(en) / Priority(ies) claimed / Priorité(s) revendiquée(s)

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Remarks:  
Remarques:

- 1 -

BURGLAR ALARM SYSTEM HAVING REDUCED WIRINGField of the Invention

5 Normal hard-wired burglar alarms for domestic and commercial applications include a number of passive infra-red detectors (PIRs) situated around a space for detecting the heat that is radiated from a person moving around the area. Once that movement is detected, a PIR  
10 senses the movement and triggers an alarm via a control panel to which the PIR is hard wired. If the wire between the control panel and PIR is cut, a signal will also be generated and in some case, if the cover of the PIR is lifted, a tamper switch will trigger an alarm.

15 Ordinarily, a cable having six internal conductors extends between the controller and each PIR, one pair of conductors providing electrical power, another pair of conductors providing a circuit with the PIR and the other pair of conductors providing a circuit to the tamper  
20 switch.

Objects of the Invention

It is an object of the present invention to reduce the  
25 number of conductors between an alarm control panel and an event sensor such as a PIR.

It is a further object of the invention to provide...a

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simple means of adapting an alarm system control panel designed to operate with cables each having many conductors extending to each individual event sensor to operate with cables having only a pair of conductors to  
5 each event sensor.

#### Disclosure of the Invention

There is disclosed herein an alarm system comprising a  
10 cable between an alarm control panel and an event sensor, the cable comprising two conductors, and circuitry associated with said conductors for providing current to the event sensor and detecting changes in said current to indicate tampering at the sensor, severing of the cable  
15 and/or an event detected by the sensor.

Preferably, said circuitry is located in a housing from which the two-conductor cable extends and providing a short six-conductor cable for connection to an existing  
20 alarm control panel.

Preferably, shorting of the cable provides a maximum current state, an event detection by the sensor provides a medium current state, normal operating conditions provide  
25 a low current state, a severed cable or tampering with the event sensor provides a very low or no current state in said conductors, and said circuitry reacts to the current state of the conductors to provide appropriate conditions

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to each conductor of said six-conductor cable for recognition by said alarm control panel.

Brief Description of the Drawings

5

A prior art alarm control panel and a cable extending from the panel to an event sensor is shown in Figures 1 and 1A respectively.

10 A preferred form of the present invention will now be describe by way of example with reference to Figures 2 to 6 of the accompanying drawings, wherein:

Figure 2 is a schematic illustration of an alarm control  
15 panel modified for use with a two-conductor passive infra-red detector;

Figure 2A is a schematic illustration of a segment of a  
two-conductor cable;

20

Figure 3 is a schematic illustration of a signal accessor and separator;

Figure 4 is a schematic circuit diagram of the signal  
25 accessor and separator;

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Figure 5 is a schematic circuit diagram of a circuit used in a modified passive infra-red detector for use with a two-conductor cable;

- 5 Figure 6 is a graph showing current consumption and conditions identified thereby.

Description of the Prior Art

- 10 In Figure 1 of the accompanying drawing there is schematically depicted a conventional alarm control panel 10 connected by a six-conductor cable 11 to a conventional passive infra-red detector. A segment of the six-conductor cable is shown in Figure 1A to include six  
15 individual conductors 15. Each of these is connected to the passive infra-red detector 12 and corresponding terminals at the control panel 10. One pair of these conductors is for transmitting a signal that the passive infra-red detector has detected the body heat of a person  
20 moving in an area at which the PIR 12 is placed. That is, these two conductors provide a "zone alarm" signal to the control panel 10.

- Another pair of the conductors 15 provides a signal to the  
25 control panel 10 that someone has cut the cable 11 or a tamper switch at the PIR has triggered. That is, these two conductors provide a "tamper" signal to the control panel 10.

- 5 -

The remaining pair of conductors provide a direct current supply to the PIR so as to power the PIR's circuitry.

The present invention does away with the need for long  
5 lengths of six-conductor cable 11 and instead only  
requires equivalent lengths of two-conductor cable 11' as  
shown in Figure 2A. To this end, the preferred embodiment  
of the invention provide a signal accessor and separator  
13 and a specially modified passive infra-red detector  
10 12'.

As shown in Figure 2, an alarm control panel 10' can  
include a modified circuit board or an existing circuit  
board with a modular addition of a signal accessor and  
15 separator unit 13 as shown in Figure 3. The signal  
accessor and separator unit 13 includes a six-conductor  
cable input 11, internal circuitry 13C (Figure 4) and a  
pair of terminals for attachment to a two-conductor cable  
11'. A segment of such a cable is shown in Figure 2A.

20 Typical circuitry for use in the signal accessor and  
separate unit 13 is shown at 13C in Figure 4. Modified  
circuitry at the PIR itself is shown at 12'C in Figure 5.

25 Circuitry 13C is designed to monitor different levels of  
current consumption at circuitry 12'C located at the PIR  
unit 12'. The two circuits shown in Figures 4 and 5 are  
connected to each other via a two-conductor cable 11' as



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indicated.

In a normal operational stage, the current consumption at circuitry 12'C is at a low level L. Once a human body moves and the motion is detected by the PIR circuitry 12'C, the current consumption of circuitry 12'C increases to a medium level M. If the cable 11' is cut, or tamper switch 14 is opened, the current consumption level of circuit 12'C will be extremely low EL or zero. If a metallic object is used to cut cable 11', a momentary current through the cable will be higher H than the level provided when circuitry 13C detects the movement of a human body in a space that at which it is directed.

The signal accessor and separator circuit 13C converts the different signals upon detecting changes in current in cable 11' and converts them into signals appropriate for the six-conductor input of the alarm control panel. The current consumption level of the two-wire cable 11' is illustrated in Figure 6. In Figure 6, the thresholds between 'extreme low' and 'low' might typically be two 2mA. The threshold between 'low' and 'medium' might be 4mA and threshold between 'medium' and 'high' might be 10mA say.

25

As shown in Figure 4, circuitry 13C includes pairs of input terminals X, Y and Z. Terminals X are connected to a pair of conductor 15 in cable 11 (see Figure 3) that

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provide continuous current for powering circuit 12'C at the PIR. Terminals Y are connected a pair of conductors 15 which would ordinarily have extended to the PIR to indicate a zone alarm signal and terminals Z are those  
5 which would have ordinarily be associated with tamper switch 14.

The present invention can provide a significant material and cost savings for the installation of alarm systems.

10

It should be appreciate that modifications and alternations obvious to those skilled in the art are not to be considered as beyond the scope of the present invention. For example, rather than providing a separate  
15 module 13, the signal accessor and control circuit can be incorporated integrally with the main circuitry of the control panel.

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CLAIMS:

1. An alarm system comprising a cable between an alarm panel and an event sensor, the cable comprising two  
5 conductors, and circuitry associated with said conductors for providing current to the event sensor and detecting changes in said current to indicate tampering at the sensor, severing of the cable and/or an event detected by the sensor.
- 10
2. The alarm system of Claim 1 wherein said circuitry is located in a housing from which the two-conductor cable extends and providing a short six-conductor cable for connection to an existing alarm control panel.
- 15
3. The alarm system of Claim 2 wherein shorting of the cable provides a maximum current state, an event detection by the sensor provides a medium current state, normal operating conditions provide a low current state, a  
20 severed cable or tampering with the event sensor provides a very low or no current state in said conductors, and said circuitry reacts to the current state of the conductors to provide appropriate conditions to each conductor of said six-conductor cable for recognition by  
25 said alarm control panel.

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BURGLAR ALARM SYSTEM HAVING REDUCED WIRINGABSTRACT

5 Normal hard-wired domestic burglar alarms have cables with  
six conductors extending between the alarm control panel  
and each event sensor (such as a PIR). Two of the  
conductors might provide current to a motion detector, two  
of the conductors might provide a circuit for a tamper  
10 switch, and two of the conductors might provide a circuit  
for a tamper switch, and two of the conductors might  
provide an indication of the motion detected by the motion  
detector. Wiring costs are reduced in the present  
invention by providing only two conductors which work to  
15 provide all of the functions of a six-conductor cable. To  
attach the two-conductor cable to a six-point terminal on  
the control panel, a special signal accessor and separator  
circuit is provided with six contacts to attach to the  
control panel terminals and two terminals for connecting  
20 to the conductor cable.

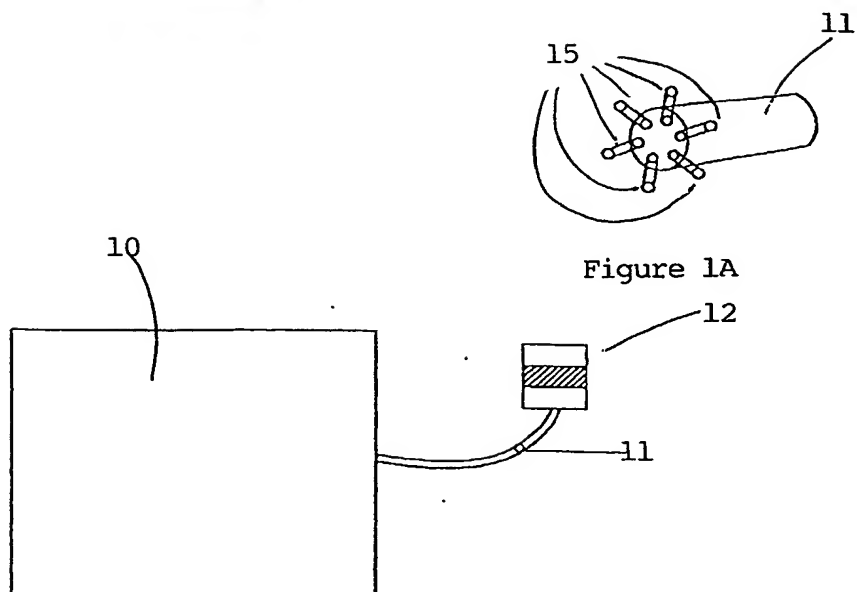


Figure 1  
(Prior Art)

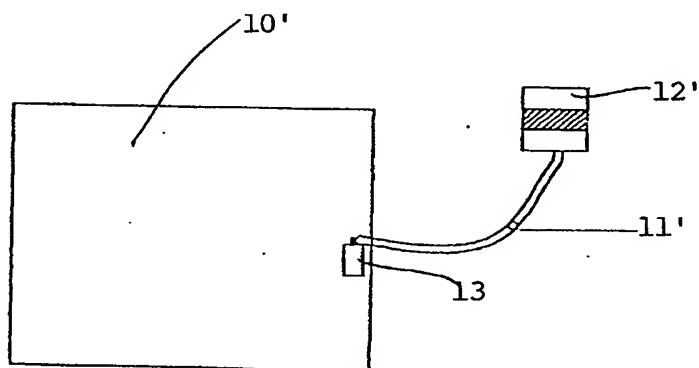


Figure 2

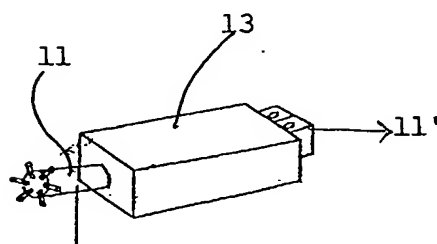


Figure 3

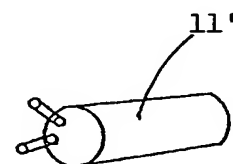


Figure 2A

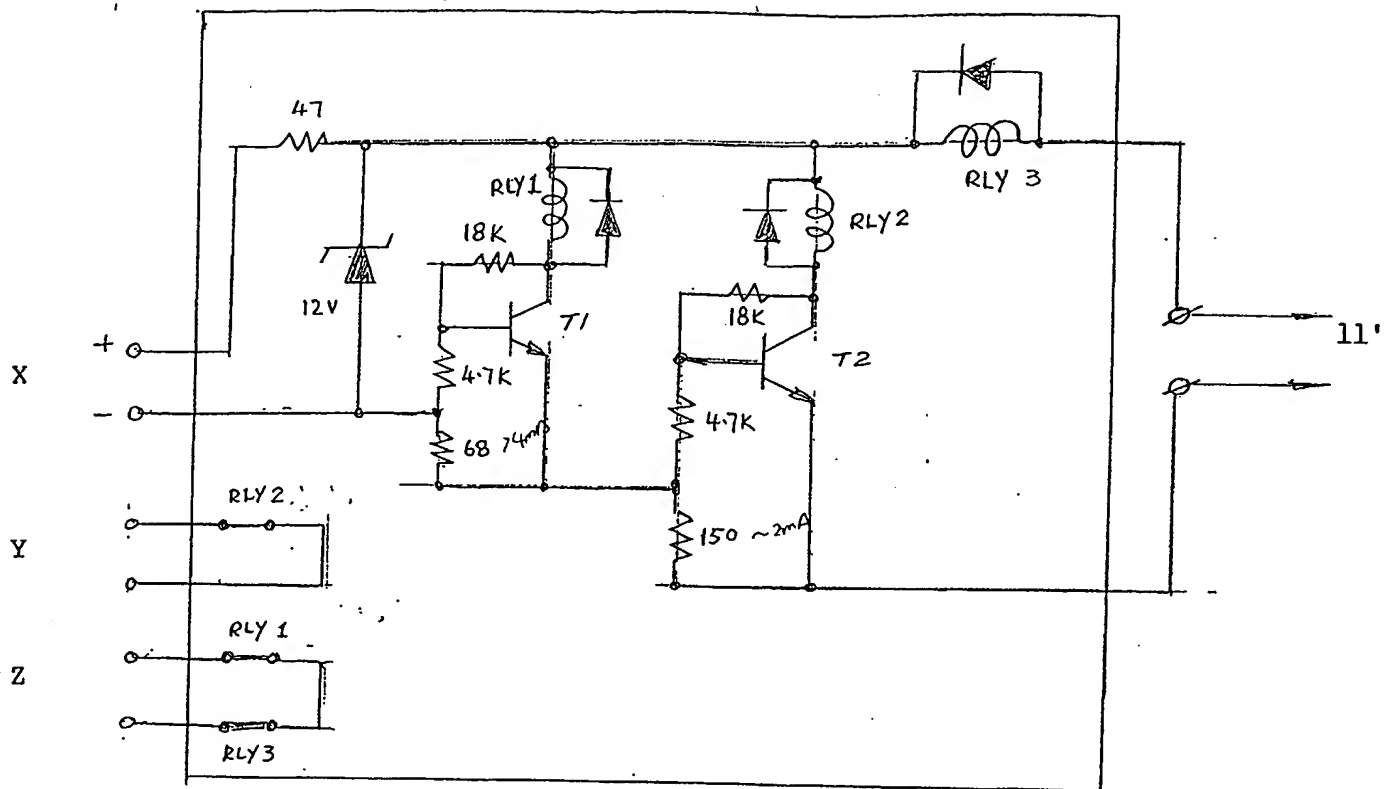


Figure 4

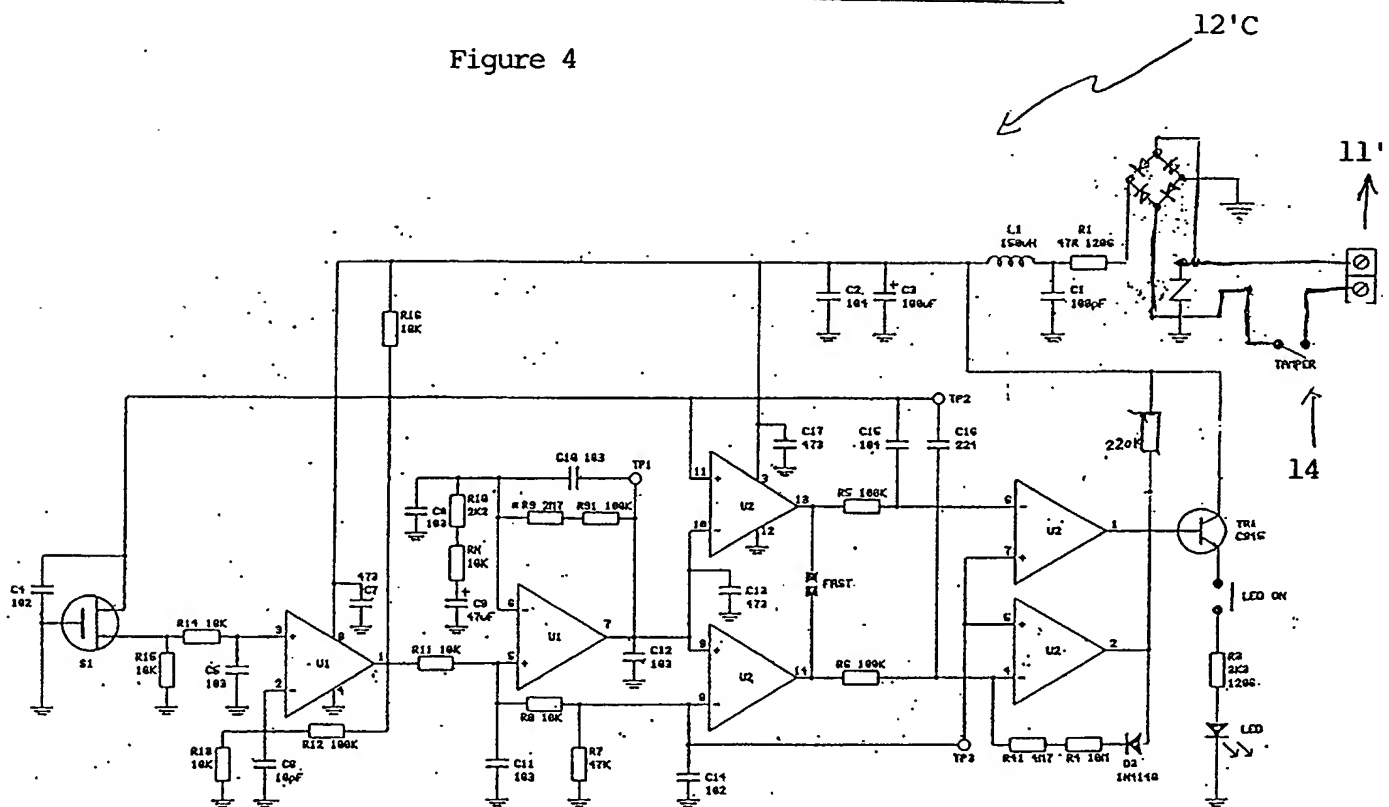


Figure 5

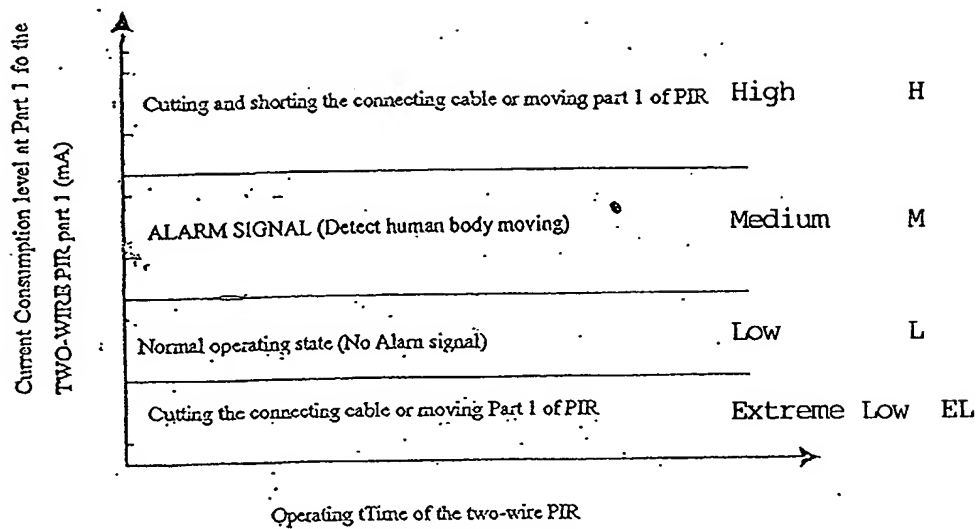


Figure 6